**Unit 1 Study Guide (Chapters 4-8)**

Know the Significance of each of the following people:

1. Nathaniel Bacon
2. First Families of Virginia (FFV)
3. Jonathan Edwards
4. George Whitefield
5. Benjamin Franklin
6. Zenger Case
7. George Washington
8. William Pitt
9. Pontiac and Pontiac’s Rebellion
10. John Adams
11. Samuel Adams
12. John Hancock
13. King George III
14. Crispus Attucks
15. William Dawes
16. Hessians
17. Baron von Steuben
18. Thomas Paine
19. Thomas Jefferson
20. Benedict Arnold
21. William Howe
22. Charles Cornwallis

Know the significance of these terms:

1. Indentured Servant
2. Middle Passage
3. Planters
4. Salem Witch Trials
5. The Great Awakening
6. Poor Richard’s Almanac
7. Proclamation of 1763
8. Mercantilism
9. Stamp Act
10. Townshend Act
11. Boston Massacre
12. Committees of Correspondence
13. Tea Act
14. Boston Tea Party
15. Son’s of Liberty
16. Intolerable Acts
17. First Continental Congress
18. Second Continental Congress
19. Olive Branch Petition
20. Declaration of Independence
21. Treaty of Paris 1783

Answer The Following questions.

1. What were the major differences from the people in the New England colonies vs. those in the Chesapeake (VA) and the Southern colonies?
2. What was the significance of tobacco to the colonies?
3. Why would immigration help lead to conflict between the colonies and Britain?
4. Why did the French and Indian War help lead to conflict?
5. Why did the British tax the colonies after the French and Indian War? What was the colonist’s view of these taxes?
6. What were some obstacles Washington needed to overcome at the beginning of the War?
7. What were the war strategies of each side?
8. What was so significant about Washington Crossing the Delaware on DEC 25, 1776?
9. What role do the French play in the American Revolution?
10. What battle was the turning point of the war?
11. Why is the British surrender at Yorktown, known as the day the world was turned upside down?